

Product datasheet for **RC218123L3V**

mu Crystallin (CRYM) (NM_001888) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	mu Crystallin (CRYM) (NM_001888) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	mu Crystallin
Synonyms:	DFNA40; THBP
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_001888
ORF Size:	942 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC218123).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_001888.2
RefSeq Size:	1559 bp
RefSeq ORF:	945 bp
Locus ID:	1428
UniProt ID:	Q14894
Cytogenetics:	16p12.2
Domains:	ODC_Mu_crystall
MW:	33.8 kDa



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Gene Summary:

Crystallins are separated into two classes: taxon-specific and ubiquitous. The former class is also called phylogenetically-restricted crystallins. The latter class constitutes the major proteins of vertebrate eye lens and maintains the transparency and refractive index of the lens. This gene encodes a taxon-specific crystallin protein that binds NADPH and has sequence similarity to bacterial ornithine cyclodeaminases. The encoded protein does not perform a structural role in lens tissue, and instead it binds thyroid hormone for possible regulatory or developmental roles. Mutations in this gene have been associated with autosomal dominant non-syndromic deafness. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2014]