

## Product datasheet for **RC217924L3V**

### **HNF 4 alpha (HNF4A) (NM\_178850) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle**

#### **Product data:**

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	HNF 4 alpha (HNF4A) (NM_178850) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	HNF 4 alpha
Synonyms:	FRTS4; HNF4; HNF4a7; HNF4a8; HNF4a9; HNF4alpha; MODY; MODY1; NR2A1; NR2A21; TCF; TCF-14; TCF14
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_178850
ORF Size:	1251 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC217924).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <a href="#">More info</a>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<a href="#">NM_178850.1</a>
RefSeq Size:	1600 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1254 bp
Locus ID:	3172
UniProt ID:	<a href="#">P41235</a>
Cytogenetics:	20q13.12
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, ES Cell Differentiation/IPS, Nuclear Hormone Receptor, Transcription Factors



[View online »](#)

**Protein Pathways:** Maturity onset diabetes of the young

**MW:** 46.4 kDa

**Gene Summary:** The protein encoded by this gene is a nuclear transcription factor which binds DNA as a homodimer. The encoded protein controls the expression of several genes, including hepatocyte nuclear factor 1 alpha, a transcription factor which regulates the expression of several hepatic genes. This gene may play a role in development of the liver, kidney, and intestines. Mutations in this gene have been associated with monogenic autosomal dominant non-insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus type I. Alternative splicing of this gene results in multiple transcript variants encoding several different isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Apr 2012]