

Product datasheet for **RC217862L3V**

JNK2 (MAPK9) (NM_139069) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	JNK2 (MAPK9) (NM_139069) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	MAPK9
Synonyms:	JNK-55; JNK2; JNK2A; JNK2ALPHA; JNK2B; JNK2BETA; p54a; p54aSAPK; PRKM9; SAPK; SAPK1a
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_139069
ORF Size:	1146 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC217862).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_139069.1 , NP_620708.1
RefSeq Size:	1947 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1149 bp
Locus ID:	5601
UniProt ID:	P45984
Cytogenetics:	5q35.3
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, ES Cell Differentiation/IPS, Protein Kinase



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Protein Pathways:	Adipocytokine signaling pathway, Colorectal cancer, Epithelial cell signaling in Helicobacter pylori infection, ErbB signaling pathway, Fc epsilon RI signaling pathway, Focal adhesion, GnRH signaling pathway, Insulin signaling pathway, MAPK signaling pathway, Neurotrophin signaling pathway, NOD-like receptor signaling pathway, Pancreatic cancer, Pathways in cancer, Progesterone-mediated oocyte maturation, RIG-I-like receptor signaling pathway, T cell receptor signaling pathway, Toll-like receptor signaling pathway, Type II diabetes mellitus, Wnt signaling pathway
MW:	44 kDa
Gene Summary:	The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the MAP kinase family. MAP kinases act as an integration point for multiple biochemical signals, and are involved in a wide variety of cellular processes such as proliferation, differentiation, transcription regulation and development. This kinase targets specific transcription factors, and thus mediates immediate-early gene expression in response to various cell stimuli. It is most closely related to MAPK8, both of which are involved in UV radiation induced apoptosis, thought to be related to the cytochrome c-mediated cell death pathway. This gene and MAPK8 are also known as c-Jun N-terminal kinases. This kinase blocks the ubiquitination of tumor suppressor p53, and thus it increases the stability of p53 in nonstressed cells. Studies of this gene's mouse counterpart suggest a key role in T-cell differentiation. Several alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been reported. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2008]