

Product datasheet for RC217768L3V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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WDR9 (BRWD1) (NM 001007246) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: WDR9 (BRWD1) (NM 001007246) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: WDR9

Synonyms: C21orf107; DCAF19; N143; WDR9; WRD9

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

Tag: Myc-DDK

ACCN: NM_001007246

ORF Size: 360 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC217768).

Sequence:
OTI Disclaimer:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: <u>NM 001007246.2</u>, <u>NP 001007247.1</u>

 RefSeq Size:
 2653 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 363 bp

 Locus ID:
 54014

 UniProt ID:
 Q9NSI6

 Cytogenetics:
 21q22.2

 MW:
 13.6 kDa







Gene Summary:

This gene encodes a member of the WD repeat protein family. WD repeats are minimally conserved regions of approximately 40 amino acids typically bracketed by gly-his and trp-asp (GH-WD) residues which may facilitate formation of heterotrimeric or multiprotein complexes. Members of this family are involved in a variety of cellular processes including cell cycle progression, signal transduction, apoptosis, and gene regulation. This protein contains 2 bromodomains and multiple WD repeats. This gene is located within the Down syndrome region-2 on chromosome 21. Alternative splicing of this gene generates multiple transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms. In mouse, this gene encodes a nuclear protein that has a polyglutamine-containing region that functions as a transcriptional activation domain which may regulate chromatin remodelling and associates with a component of the SWI/SNF chromatin remodelling complex.[provided by RefSeq, Jun 2011]