

Product datasheet for RC217759L2V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

LIGHT (TNFSF14) (NM_003807) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: LIGHT (TNFSF14) (NM_003807) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: LIGHT

Synonyms: CD258; HVEML; LIGHT; LTg

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

None

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP (PS100071)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_003807

ORF Size: 720 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC217759).

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This

clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: <u>NM 003807.2</u>

RefSeq Size: 1491 bp
RefSeq ORF: 723 bp
Locus ID: 8740

 UniProt ID:
 O43557

 Cytogenetics:
 19p13.3

Domains: TNF

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Secreted Protein, Transmembrane





LIGHT (TNFSF14) (NM_003807) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle - RC217759L2V

Protein Pathways: Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction

MW: 26.35 kDa

Gene Summary: The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the tumor necrosis factor (TNF) ligand

family. This protein is a ligand for TNFRSF14, which is a member of the tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily, and which is also known as a herpesvirus entry mediator (HVEM). This protein may function as a costimulatory factor for the activation of lymphoid cells and as a deterrent to infection by herpesvirus. This protein has been shown to stimulate the proliferation of T cells, and trigger apoptosis of various tumor cells. This protein is also reported to prevent tumor necrosis factor alpha mediated apoptosis in primary hepatocyte.

Two alternatively spliced transcript variant encoding distinct isoforms have been reported.

[provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]