

Product datasheet for **RC217537L1V**

ACSL3 (NM_203372) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	ACSL3 (NM_203372) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	ACSL3
Synonyms:	ACS3; FACL3; LACS 3; LACS3; PRO2194
Mammalian Cell Selection:	None
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_203372
ORF Size:	2160 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC217537).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_203372.1
RefSeq Size:	4262 bp
RefSeq ORF:	2163 bp
Locus ID:	2181
UniProt ID:	O95573
Cytogenetics:	2q36.1
Protein Families:	Transmembrane



[View online »](#)

Protein Pathways:	Adipocytokine signaling pathway, Fatty acid metabolism, Metabolic pathways, PPAR signaling pathway
MW:	80.2 kDa
Gene Summary:	<p>The protein encoded by this gene is an isozyme of the long-chain fatty-acid-coenzyme A ligase family. Although differing in substrate specificity, subcellular localization, and tissue distribution, all isozymes of this family convert free long-chain fatty acids into fatty acyl-CoA esters, and thereby play a key role in lipid biosynthesis and fatty acid degradation. This isozyme is highly expressed in brain, and preferentially utilizes myristate, arachidonate, and eicosapentaenoate as substrates. The amino acid sequence of this isozyme is 92% identical to that of rat homolog. Two transcript variants encoding the same protein have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]</p>