

Product datasheet for RC217341L2V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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B7-2 (CD86) (NM_175862) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: B7-2 (CD86) (NM 175862) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: CD86

Synonyms: B7-2; B7.2; B70; CD28LG2; LAB72

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

None

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP (PS100071)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_175862

ORF Size: 987 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC217341).

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 175862.2, NP 787058.4

 RefSeq Size:
 2735 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 990 bp

 Locus ID:
 942

 UniProt ID:
 P42081

 Cytogenetics:
 3q13.33

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Transcription Factors, Transmembrane





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Protein Pathways: Allograft rejection, Autoimmune thyroid disease, Cell adhesion molecules (CAMs), Graft-

versus-host disease, Systemic lupus erythematosus, Toll-like receptor signaling pathway,

Type I diabetes mellitus, Viral myocarditis

MW: 38.1 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene encodes a type I membrane protein that is a member of the immunoglobulin

superfamily. This protein is expressed by antigen-presenting cells, and it is the ligand for two proteins at the cell surface of T cells, CD28 antigen and cytotoxic T-lymphocyte-associated protein 4. Binding of this protein with CD28 antigen is a costimulatory signal for activation of the T-cell. Binding of this protein with cytotoxic T-lymphocyte-associated protein 4 negatively regulates T-cell activation and diminishes the immune response. Alternative splicing results in

several transcript variants encoding different isoforms.[provided by RefSeq, May 2011]