

Product datasheet for RC217340L1V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

HTR2C (NM_000868) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: HTR2C (NM_000868) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: HTR2C

Synonyms: 5-HT1C; 5-HT2C; 5-HTR2C; 5HTR2C; HTR1C

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

None

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)

Tag: Myc-DDK
ACCN: NM_000868

ORF Size: 1374 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC217340).

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 000868.1

 RefSeq Size:
 4775 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1377 bp

 Locus ID:
 3358

 UniProt ID:
 P28335

Cytogenetics: Xq23

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, GPCR, Transmembrane

Protein Pathways: Calcium signaling pathway, Gap junction, Neuroactive ligand-receptor interaction





ORIGENE

MW: 51.6 kDa

Gene Summary:

This gene encodes a seven-transmembrane G-protein-coupled receptor. The encoded protein responds to signaling through the neurotransmitter serotonin. The mRNA of this gene is subject to multiple RNA editing events, where adenosine residues encoded by the genome are converted to inosines. RNA editing is predicted to alter the structure of the second intracellular loop, thereby generating alternate protein forms with decreased ability to interact with G proteins. Abnormalities in RNA editing of this gene have been detected in victims of suicide that suffer from depression. In addition, naturally-occuring variation in the promoter and 5' non-coding and coding regions of this gene may show statistically-significant association with mental illness and behavioral disorders. Alternative splicing results in multiple different transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2015]