

Product datasheet for RC217322L3V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Bcl x (BCL2L1) (NM_001191) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: Bcl x (BCL2L1) (NM_001191) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: Bcl x

Synonyms: Bcl-X; BCL-XL/S; BCL2L; BCLX; PPP1R52

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

Tag: Myc-DDK
ACCN: NM_001191

ORF Size: 510 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC217322).

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 001191.2

 RefSeq Size:
 2386 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 513 bp

 Locus ID:
 598

 UniProt ID:
 Q07817

Cytogenetics: 20q11.21

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, ES Cell Differentiation/IPS, Transmembrane





Bcl x (BCL2L1) (NM_001191) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle - RC217322L3V

Protein Pathways: Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS), Apoptosis, Chronic myeloid leukemia, Jak-STAT signaling

pathway, Pancreatic cancer, Pathways in cancer, Small cell lung cancer

MW: 18.7 kDa

Gene Summary: The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the BCL-2 protein family. BCL-2 family members

form hetero- or homodimers and act as anti- or pro-apoptotic regulators that are involved in a wide variety of cellular activities. The proteins encoded by this gene are located at the outer mitochondrial membrane, and have been shown to regulate outer mitochondrial membrane channel (VDAC) opening. VDAC regulates mitochondrial membrane potential, and thus controls the production of reactive oxygen species and release of cytochrome C by

mitochondria, both of which are the potent inducers of cell apoptosis. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding two different isoforms. The longer isoform acts as an apoptotic inhibitor and the shorter isoform acts as an apoptotic activator.

[provided by RefSeq, Dec 2015]