

## Product datasheet for RC217280L1V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## FGFR2 (NM\_022970) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Lentiviral Particles

**Product Name:** FGFR2 (NM\_022970) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: FGFR2

Synonyms: BBDS; BEK; BFR-1; CD332; CEK3; CFD1; ECT1; JWS; K-SAM; KGFR; TK14; TK25

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

None

**Vector:** pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)

 Tag:
 Myc-DDK

 ACCN:
 NM\_022970

ORF Size: 2466 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC217280).

OTI Disclaimer:

Sequence:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**RefSeg:** NM 022970.2, NP 075259.4

 RefSeq Size:
 4647 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 2469 bp

 Locus ID:
 2263

 UniProt ID:
 P21802

 Cytogenetics:
 10q26.13

**Domains:** pkinase, TyrKc, S\_TKc, ig, IGc2, IG

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome, Protein Kinase, Secreted Protein, Transmembrane





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Protein Pathways: Endocytosis, MAPK signaling pathway, Pathways in cancer, Prostate cancer, Regulation of

actin cytoskeleton

**MW:** 89.8 kDa

**Gene Summary:** The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the fibroblast growth factor receptor family,

where amino acid sequence is highly conserved between members and throughout evolution. FGFR family members differ from one another in their ligand affinities and tissue distribution. A full-length representative protein consists of an extracellular region, composed of three immunoglobulin-like domains, a single hydrophobic membrane-spanning segment and a cytoplasmic tyrosine kinase domain. The extracellular portion of the protein interacts with fibroblast growth factors, setting in motion a cascade of downstream signals, ultimately influencing mitogenesis and differentiation. This particular family member is a high-affinity receptor for acidic, basic and/or keratinocyte growth factor, depending on the isoform. Mutations in this gene are associated with Crouzon syndrome, Pfeiffer syndrome, Craniosynostosis, Apert syndrome, Jackson-Weiss syndrome, Beare-Stevenson cutis gyrata

syndrome, Saethre-Chotzen syndrome, and syndromic craniosynostosis. Multiple

alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been noted for this

gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2009]