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Product datasheet for RC217033L4V

MOCS1 (NM_001075098) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	MOCS1 (NM_001075098) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	MOCS1
Synonyms:	MIG11; MOCOD; MOCS1A; MOCS1B
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)
Tag:	mGFP
ACCN:	NM_001075098
ORF Size:	1155 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC217033).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_001075098.1
RefSeq Size:	3027 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1158 bp
Locus ID:	4337
UniProt ID:	Q9NZB8
Cytogenetics:	6p21.2
MW:	42.9 kDa

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Gene Summary: Molybdenum cofactor biosynthesis is a conserved pathway leading to the biological activation of molybdenum. The protein encoded by this gene is involved in this pathway. This gene was originally thought to produce a bicistronic mRNA with the potential to produce two proteins (MOCS1A and MOCS1B) from adjacent open reading frames. However, only the first open reading frame (MOCS1A) has been found to encode a protein from the putative bicistronic mRNA, whereas additional splice variants are likely to produce a fusion between the two open reading frames. This gene is defective in patients with molybdenum cofactor deficiency, type A. A related pseudogene has been identified on chromosome 16. [provided by RefSeq, Nov 2017]