

Product datasheet for RC216876L1V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

PRKAG2 (NM_001040633) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: PRKAG2 (NM_001040633) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: PRKAG2

Synonyms: AAKG; AAKG2; CMH6; H91620p; WPWS

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

None

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)

Tag: Myc-DDK

ACCN: NM_001040633

ORF Size: 1575 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC216876).

Sequence:

Cytogenetics:

OTI Disclaimer:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: NM 001040633.1, NP 001035723.1

7q36.1

 RefSeq Size:
 3154 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1578 bp

 Locus ID:
 51422

 UniProt ID:
 Q9UGJ0

Protein Families: Druggable Genome





PRKAG2 (NM_001040633) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle - RC216876L1V

Protein Pathways: Adipocytokine signaling pathway, Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy (HCM), Insulin signaling

pathway

MW: 58.4 kDa

Gene Summary: AMP-activated protein kinase (AMPK) is a heterotrimeric protein composed of a catalytic

alpha subunit, a noncatalytic beta subunit, and a noncatalytic regulatory gamma subunit. Various forms of each of these subunits exist, encoded by different genes. AMPK is an important energy-sensing enzyme that monitors cellular energy status and functions by inactivating key enzymes involved in regulating de novo biosynthesis of fatty acid and cholesterol. This gene is a member of the AMPK gamma subunit family. Mutations in this gene have been associated with Wolff-Parkinson-White syndrome, familial hypertrophic cardiomyopathy, and glycogen storage disease of the heart. Alternate transcriptional splice variants, encoding different isoforms, have been characterized. [provided by RefSeq, Jan

2015]