

Product datasheet for RC216782L3

TAT (NM_000353) Human Tagged Lenti ORF Clone

Product data:

Product Type:	Expression Plasmids
Product Name:	TAT (NM_000353) Human Tagged Lenti ORF Clone
Tag:	Myc-DDK
Symbol:	TAT
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
E. coli Selection:	Chloramphenicol (34 ug/mL)
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC216782).
Restriction Sites:	Sgfl-MluI
Cloning Scheme:	

Cloning sites used for ORF Shuttling:



* The last codon before the Stop codon of the ORF.

ACCN:	NM_000353
ORF Size:	1362 bp



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OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
Components:	The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).
Reconstitution Method:	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid at the bottom.5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of shipping when stored at -20°C.
RefSeq:	NM_000353.1
RefSeq Size:	2757 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1365 bp
Locus ID:	6898
UniProt ID:	P17735
Cytogenetics:	16q22.2
Domains:	aminotran_1_2
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Embryonic stem cells, ES Cell Differentiation/IPS
Protein Pathways:	Cysteine and methionine metabolism, Metabolic pathways, Phenylalanine, tyrosine and tryptophan biosynthesis, Phenylalanine metabolism, Tyrosine metabolism, Ubiquinone and other terpenoid-quinone biosynthesis
MW:	50.4 kDa
Gene Summary:	This nuclear gene encodes a mitochondrial protein tyrosine aminotransferase which is present in the liver and catalyzes the conversion of L-tyrosine into p-hydroxyphenylpyruvate. Mutations in this gene cause tyrosinemia (type II, Richner-Hanhart syndrome), a disorder accompanied by major skin and corneal lesions, with possible cognitive disability. A regulator gene for tyrosine aminotransferase is X-linked. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]