

Product datasheet for **RC216590L1V**

CD45 (PTPRC) (NM_002838) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	CD45 (PTPRC) (NM_002838) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	CD45
Synonyms:	B220; CD45; CD45R; GP180; L-CA; LCA; LY5; T200
Mammalian Cell Selection:	None
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_002838
ORF Size:	3918 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC216590).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_002838.3
RefSeq Size:	5026 bp
RefSeq ORF:	3921 bp
Locus ID:	5788
UniProt ID:	P08575
Cytogenetics:	1q31.3-q32.1
Domains:	Y_phosphatase, PTPc_motif, FN3
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, ES Cell Differentiation/IPS, Phosphatase, Transmembrane



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Protein Pathways: Cell adhesion molecules (CAMs), Fc gamma R-mediated phagocytosis, Primary immunodeficiency, T cell receptor signaling pathway

MW: 147.3 kDa

Gene Summary: The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the protein tyrosine phosphatase (PTP) family. PTPs are known to be signaling molecules that regulate a variety of cellular processes including cell growth, differentiation, mitosis, and oncogenic transformation. This PTP contains an extracellular domain, a single transmembrane segment and two tandem intracytoplasmic catalytic domains, and thus is classified as a receptor type PTP. This PTP has been shown to be an essential regulator of T- and B-cell antigen receptor signaling. It functions through either direct interaction with components of the antigen receptor complexes, or by activating various Src family kinases required for the antigen receptor signaling. This PTP also suppresses JAK kinases, and thus functions as a regulator of cytokine receptor signaling. Alternatively spliced transcripts variants of this gene, which encode distinct isoforms, have been reported. [provided by RefSeq, Jun 2012]