

Product datasheet for RC216444L2V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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IL12RB1 (NM_153701) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: IL12RB1 (NM 153701) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: IL12RB

Synonyms: CD212; IL-12R-BETA1; IL12RB; IMD30

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

None

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP (PS100071)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_153701 **ORF Size:** 1143 bp

ORF Nucleotide

- - -

Sequence:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC216444).

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This

clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 153701.1

 RefSeq Size:
 1881 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1146 bp

 Locus ID:
 3594

 UniProt ID:
 P42701

Cytogenetics: 19p13.11

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Transmembrane

Protein Pathways: Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction, Jak-STAT signaling pathway





ORIGENE

MW: 39.6 kDa

Gene Summary:

The protein encoded by this gene is a type I transmembrane protein that belongs to the hemopoietin receptor superfamily. This protein binds to interleukine 12 (IL12) with a low affinity, and is thought to be a part of IL12 receptor complex. This protein forms a disulfide-linked oligomer, which is required for its IL12 binding activity. The coexpression of this and IL12RB2 proteins was shown to lead to the formation of high-affinity IL12 binding sites and reconstitution of IL12 dependent signaling. Mutations in this gene impair the development of interleukin-17-producing T lymphocytes and result in increased susceptibility to mycobacterial and Salmonella infections. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Feb 2014]