

Product datasheet for RC216341L2V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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SEMA6D (NM_153617) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: SEMA6D (NM_153617) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: SEMA6D

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

None

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP (PS100071)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_153617

ORF Size: 3051 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC216341).

OTI Disclaimer:

Sequence:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: <u>NM 153617.1</u>

 RefSeq Size:
 5941 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 3054 bp

 Locus ID:
 80031

 UniProt ID:
 Q8NFY4

 Cytogenetics:
 15q21.1

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Transmembrane

Protein Pathways: Axon guidance

MW: 111.3 kDa







Gene Summary:

Semaphorins are a large family, including both secreted and membrane associated proteins, many of which have been implicated as inhibitors or chemorepellents in axon pathfinding, fasciculation and branching, and target selection. All semaphorins possess a semaphorin (Sema) domain and a PSI domain (found in plexins, semaphorins and integrins) in the N-terminal extracellular portion. Additional sequence motifs C-terminal to the semaphorin domain allow classification into distinct subfamilies. Results demonstrate that transmembrane semaphorins, like the secreted ones, can act as repulsive axon guidance cues. This gene encodes a class 6 vertebrate transmembrane semaphorin that demonstrates alternative splicing. Several transcript variants have been identified and expression of the distinct encoded isoforms is thought to be regulated in a tissue- and development-dependent manner. [provided by RefSeq, Nov 2010]