

Product datasheet for RC216148L3V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

Microsomal Glutathione S transferase 1 (MGST1) (NM_145791) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: Microsomal Glutathione S transferase 1 (MGST1) (NM_145791) Human Tagged ORF Clone

Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: Microsomal Glutathione S transferase 1

Synonyms: GST12; MGST; MGST-I

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

Tag: Myc-DDK
ACCN: NM 145791

ORF Size: 465 bp

ORF Nucleotide

Sequence:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC216148).

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: <u>NM 145791.1</u>

 RefSeq Size:
 987 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 468 bp

 Locus ID:
 4257

 UniProt ID:
 P10620

 Cytogenetics:
 12p12.3

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Transmembrane



Microsomal Glutathione S transferase 1 (MGST1) (NM_145791) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle – RC216148L3V

Protein Pathways: Drug metabolism - cytochrome P450, Glutathione metabolism, Metabolism of xenobiotics by

cytochrome P450

MW: 17.4 kDa

ORÏGENE

Gene Summary: The MAPEG (Membrane Associated Proteins in Eicosanoid and Glutathione metabolism)

family consists of six human proteins, two of which are involved in the production of leukotrienes and prostaglandin E, important mediators of inflammation. Other family members, demonstrating glutathione S-transferase and peroxidase activities, are involved in cellular defense against toxic, carcinogenic, and pharmacologically active electrophilic compounds. This gene encodes a protein that catalyzes the conjugation of glutathione to electrophiles and the reduction of lipid hydroperoxides. This protein is localized to the endoplasmic reticulum and outer mitochondrial membrane where it is thought to protect these membranes from oxidative stress. Several transcript variants, some non-protein coding

and some protein coding, have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, May 2012]