

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Product datasheet for RC216088L3V

ATG4C (NM_032852) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	ATG4C (NM_032852) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	ATG4C
Synonyms:	APG4-C; APG4C; AUTL1; AUTL3
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_032852
ORF Size:	1374 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC216088).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. <u>More info</u>
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	<u>NM 032852.2</u>
RefSeq Size:	1822 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1377 bp
Locus ID:	84938
UniProt ID:	<u>Q96DT6</u>
Cytogenetics:	1p31.3
Domains:	Peptidase_C54
Protein Families:	Protease



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ORIGENE ATG4C (NM_032852) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle – RC216088L3V	
Protein Pathways:	Regulation of autophagy
MW:	52.3 kDa
Gene Summary:	Autophagy is the process by which endogenous proteins and damaged organelles are destroyed intracellularly. Autophagy is postulated to be essential for cell homeostasis and cell remodeling during differentiation, metamorphosis, non-apoptotic cell death, and aging. Reduced levels of autophagy have been described in some malignant tumors, and a role for autophagy in controlling the unregulated cell growth linked to cancer has been proposed. This gene encodes a member of the autophagin protein family. The encoded protein is also designated as a member of the C-54 family of cysteine proteases. Alternate transcriptional splice variants, encoding the same protein, have been characterized. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

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