

Product datasheet for RC215868L2V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

FGF12 (NM_021032) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: FGF12 (NM_021032) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: FGF12

Synonyms: DEE47; EIEE47; FGF12B; FHF1

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

None

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP (PS100071)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_021032

ORF Size: 729 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC215868).

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 021032.2

 RefSeq Size:
 2817 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 732 bp

 Locus ID:
 2257

 UniProt ID:
 P61328

 Cytogenetics:
 3q28-q29

Domains: FGF

Protein Families: Secreted Protein





FGF12 (NM_021032) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle - RC215868L2V

Protein Pathways: MAPK signaling pathway, Melanoma, Pathways in cancer, Regulation of actin cytoskeleton

MW: 27.2 kDa

Gene Summary: The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the fibroblast growth factor (FGF) family.

FGF family members possess broad mitogenic and cell survival activities, and are involved in

a variety of biological processes, including embryonic development, cell growth,

morphogenesis, tissue repair, tumor growth, and invasion. This growth factor lacks the N-terminal signal sequence present in most of the FGF family members, but it contains clusters of basic residues that have been demonstrated to act as a nuclear localization signal. When transfected into mammalian cells, this protein accumulated in the nucleus, but was not secreted. The specific function of this gene has not yet been determined. [provided by

RefSeq, Dec 2019]