

## Product datasheet for RC215745L3V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

## PANK2 (NM 153640) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Lentiviral Particles

**Product Name:** PANK2 (NM 153640) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol:

C20orf48; HARP; HSS; NBIA1; PKAN Synonyms:

**Mammalian Cell** 

Selection:

ACCN:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

Myc-DDK Tag: NM 153640

**ORF Size:** 837 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC215745).

Sequence:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of OTI Disclaimer: reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: NM 153640.1, NP 705904.1

RefSeq Size: 1768 bp RefSeq ORF: 840 bp Locus ID: 80025 **UniProt ID:** Q9BZ23

Cytogenetics: 20p13

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome

**Protein Pathways:** Metabolic pathways, Pantothenate and CoA biosynthesis





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MW: 30.6 kDa

**Gene Summary:** 

This gene encodes a protein belonging to the pantothenate kinase family and is the only member of that family to be expressed in mitochondria. Pantothenate kinase is a key regulatory enzyme in the biosynthesis of coenzyme A (CoA) in bacteria and mammalian cells. It catalyzes the first committed step in the universal biosynthetic pathway leading to CoA and is itself subject to regulation through feedback inhibition by acyl CoA species. Mutations in this gene are associated with HARP syndrome and pantothenate kinase-associated neurodegeneration (PKAN), formerly Hallervorden-Spatz syndrome. Alternative splicing, involving the use of alternate first exons, results in multiple transcripts encoding different isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]