

Product datasheet for RC215558L3V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

C18orf1 (LDLRAD4) (NM_181483) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: C18orf1 (LDLRAD4) (NM_181483) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: C18orf1
Synonyms: C18orf1

Mammalian Cell Selection:

Puromycin

Vector:

pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

Tag: Myc-DDK
ACCN: NM_181483

ORF Size: 690 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC215558).

Sequence:
OTI Disclaimer:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 181483.2, NP 852148.1

RefSeq Size: 8031 bp
RefSeq ORF: 692 bp
Locus ID: 753

Cytogenetics: 18p11.21

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Transmembrane

MW: 25.6 kDa







Gene Summary:

Functions as a negative regulator of TGF-beta signaling and thereby probably plays a role in cell proliferation, differentiation, apoptosis, motility, extracellular matrix production and immunosuppression. In the canonical TGF-beta pathway, ZFYVE9/SARA recruits the intracellular signal transducer and transcriptional modulators SMAD2 and SMAD3 to the TGF-beta receptor. Phosphorylated by the receptor, SMAD2 and SMAD3 then form a heteromeric complex with SMAD4 that translocates to the nucleus to regulate transcription. Through interaction with SMAD2 and SMAD3, LDLRAD4 may compete with ZFYVE9 and SMAD4 and prevent propagation of the intracellular signal.[UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function]