

Product datasheet for RC215427L4V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

CCR8 (NM_005201) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: CCR8 (NM_005201) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: CCR8

Synonyms: CC-CKR-8; CCR-8; CDw198; CKRL1; CMKBR8; CMKBRL2; CY6; GPRCY6; TER1

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_005201 **ORF Size:** 1065 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC215427).

OTI Disclaimer:

Sequence:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 005201.2

 RefSeq Size:
 2370 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1068 bp

 Locus ID:
 1237

 UniProt ID:
 P51685

 Cytogenetics:
 3p22.1

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, GPCR, Transmembrane

Protein Pathways: Chemokine signaling pathway, Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction







MW: 40.7 kDa

Gene Summary:

This gene encodes a member of the beta chemokine receptor family, which is predicted to be a seven transmembrane protein similar to G protein-coupled receptors. Chemokines and their receptors are important for the migration of various cell types into the inflammatory sites. This receptor protein preferentially expresses in the thymus. I-309, thymus activation-regulated cytokine (TARC) and macrophage inflammatory protein-1 beta (MIP-1 beta) have been identified as ligands of this receptor. Studies of this receptor and its ligands suggested its role in regulation of monocyte chemotaxis and thymic cell apoptosis. More specifically, this receptor may contribute to the proper positioning of activated T cells within the antigenic challenge sites and specialized areas of lymphoid tissues. This gene is located at the chemokine receptor gene cluster region. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]