

## Product datasheet for RC215425L2V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

## NR2E3 (NM\_014249) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

**Product data:** 

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: NR2E3 (NM 014249) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: NR2E3

**Synonyms:** ESCS; PNR; rd7; RNR; RP37

Mammalian Cell None

Selection:

**Vector:** pLenti-C-mGFP (PS100071)

Tag: mGFP

**ACCN:** NM\_014249 **ORF Size:** 1230 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC215425).

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**RefSeg:** NM 014249.2

 RefSeq Size:
 1999 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1233 bp

 Locus ID:
 10002

 UniProt ID:
 Q9Y5X4

 Cytogenetics:
 15q23

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome, Nuclear Hormone Receptor, Transcription Factors

**MW:** 44.5 kDa







## **Gene Summary:**

This protein is part of a large family of nuclear receptor transcription factors involved in signaling pathways. Nuclear receptors have been shown to regulate pathways involved in embryonic development, as well as in maintenance of proper cell function in adults. Members of this family are characterized by discrete domains that function in DNA and ligand binding. This gene encodes a retinal nuclear receptor that is a ligand-dependent transcription factor. Defects in this gene are a cause of enhanced S cone syndrome. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been identified. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]