

Product datasheet for RC215342L3V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

NBR1 (NM_031862) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: NBR1 (NM_031862) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: NBR1

Synonyms: 1A1-3B; IAI3B; M17S2; MIG19

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

Tag: Myc-DDK
ACCN: NM_031862

ORF Size: 2898 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC215342).

Sequence:
OTI Disclaimer:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. <u>More info</u>

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: <u>NM 031862.1</u>

 RefSeq Size:
 4654 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 2901 bp

 Locus ID:
 4077

 UniProt ID:
 Q14596

 Cytogenetics:
 17q21.31

Domains: PB1, ZnF ZZ

Protein Families: Druggable Genome







MW: 107.2 kDa

Gene Summary:

The protein encoded by this gene was originally identified as an ovarian tumor antigen monitored in ovarian cancer. The encoded protein contains a B-box/coiled-coil motif, which is present in many genes with transformation potential. It functions as a specific autophagy receptor for the selective autophagic degradation of peroxisomes by forming intracellular inclusions with ubiquitylated autophagic substrates. This gene is located on a region of chromosome 17q21.1 that is in close proximity to the BRCA1 tumor suppressor gene. Alternative splicing of this gene results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Apr 2014]