

Product datasheet for RC214778L4V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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OR2AG1 (NM_001004489) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: OR2AG1 (NM_001004489) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: OR2AG1

Synonyms: OR2AG3; OR11-79

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_001004489

ORF Size: 948 bp

ORF Nucleotide

Sequence:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC214778).

OTI Disclaimer: Due to the inherent nature of this plasmid, standard methods to replicate additional

amounts of DNA in E. coli are highly likely to result in mutations and/or rearrangements. Therefore, OriGene does not guarantee the capability to replicate this plasmid DNA.

Additional amounts of DNA can be purchased from OriGene with batch-specific, full-sequence

verification at a reduced cost. Please contact our customer care team at

<u>custsupport@origene.com</u> or by calling 301.340.3188 option 3 for pricing and delivery.

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: NM 001004489.1, NP 001004489.1

RefSeq Size: 951 bp **RefSeq ORF:** 951 bp





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Locus ID: 144125

UniProt ID: Q9H205
Cytogenetics: 11p15.4

Protein Families: Transmembrane

Protein Pathways: Olfactory transduction

MW: 35.1 kDa

Gene Summary: Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal

response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor genes and proteins for this organism is independent of other organisms. This olfactory receptor gene is a segregating pseudogene, where some individuals have an allele that encodes a functional olfactory receptor, while other individuals have an allele encoding a protein that is predicted

to be non-functional. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2015]