

## Product datasheet for RC214715L3V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## **GDF7 (NM\_182828) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle**

**Product data:** 

**Product Type: Lentiviral Particles** 

**Product Name:** GDF7 (NM\_182828) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: BMP12 Synonyms:

**Mammalian Cell** 

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

Myc-DDK Tag: NM 182828 ACCN: **ORF Size:** 1350 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC214715).

OTI Disclaimer:

Sequence:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: NM 182828.2

RefSeq Size: 1994 bp RefSeq ORF: 1353 bp Locus ID: 151449 **UniProt ID:** Q7Z4P5 Cytogenetics: 2p24.1

**Protein Families:** Adult stem cells, Cancer stem cells, Druggable Genome, Embryonic stem cells, ES Cell

Differentiation/IPS, Secreted Protein, Stem cell relevant signaling - TGFb/BMP signaling

pathway





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**Protein Pathways:** TGF-beta signaling pathway

MW: 30.9 kDa

**Gene Summary:** This gene encodes a secreted ligand of the TGF-beta (transforming growth factor-beta)

superfamily of proteins. Ligands of this family bind various TGF-beta receptors leading to

recruitment and activation of SMAD family transcription factors that regulate gene

expression. The encoded preproprotein is proteolytically processed to generate each subunit

of the disulfide-linked homodimer. This protein may play a role in the differentiation of tendon cells and spinal cord interneurons. A mutation in this gene may be associated with increased risk for Barrett's esophagus and esophageal adenocarcinoma. [provided by RefSeq,

Sep 2016]