

Product datasheet for **RC214673L3V**

AKR7A2 (NM_003689) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	AKR7A2 (NM_003689) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	AKR7A2
Synonyms:	AFAR; AFAR1; AFB1-AR1; AKR7
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_003689
ORF Size:	1077 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC214673).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_003689.2
RefSeq Size:	1377 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1080 bp
Locus ID:	8574
UniProt ID:	O43488
Cytogenetics:	1p36.13
Domains:	aldo_ket_red
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome



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MW: 39.4 kDa

Gene Summary: The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the aldo/keto reductase (AKR) superfamily and AKR7 family, which are involved in the detoxification of aldehydes and ketones. The AKR7 family consists of 3 genes that are present in a cluster on the p arm of chromosome 1. This protein, thought to be localized in the golgi, catalyzes the NADPH-dependent reduction of succinic semialdehyde to the endogenous neuromodulator, gamma-hydroxybutyrate. It may also function as a detoxication enzyme in the reduction of aflatoxin B1 and 2-carboxybenzaldehyde. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2016]