

Product datasheet for RC214605L2V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

TBX1 (NM_080646) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: TBX1 (NM_080646) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: TBX

Synonyms: CAFS; CATCH22; CTHM; DGCR; DGS; DORV; TBX1C; TGA; VCF; VCFS

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

None

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP (PS100071)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_080646 **ORF Size:** 1194 bp

ORF Nucleotide

OTI Disclaimer:

.....

Sequence:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC214605).

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 080646.1, NP 542377.1

 RefSeq Size:
 1482 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1197 bp

 Locus ID:
 6899

 UniProt ID:
 043435

 Cytogenetics:
 22q11.21

Protein Families: Transcription Factors

MW: 43 kDa





Gene Summary:

This gene is a member of a phylogenetically conserved family of genes that share a common DNA-binding domain, the T-box. T-box genes encode transcription factors involved in the regulation of developmental processes. This gene product shares 98% amino acid sequence identity with the mouse ortholog. DiGeorge syndrome (DGS)/velocardiofacial syndrome (VCFS), a common congenital disorder characterized by neural-crest-related developmental defects, has been associated with deletions of chromosome 22q11.2, where this gene has been mapped. Studies using mouse models of DiGeorge syndrome suggest a major role for this gene in the molecular etiology of DGS/VCFS. Several alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been described for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]