

Product datasheet for RC214553L1V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

FZD3 (NM 017412) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: FZD3 (NM_017412) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: Fz-3 Synonyms: **Mammalian Cell**

Selection:

None

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)

Myc-DDK Tag: NM 017412 ACCN: **ORF Size:** 1998 bp

ORF Nucleotide

Sequence:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC214553).

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: NM 017412.2

RefSeq Size: 3933 bp RefSeq ORF: 2001 bp Locus ID: 7976 **UniProt ID:** Q9NPG1 Cytogenetics: 8p21.1

Domains: FRI, Frizzled

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, GPCR, Transmembrane



FZD3 (NM_017412) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle - RC214553L1V

Protein Pathways: Basal cell carcinoma, Colorectal cancer, Melanogenesis, Pathways in cancer, Wnt signaling

pathway

MW: 76.1 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene is a member of the frizzled gene family. Members of this family encode seven-

transmembrane domain proteins that are receptors for the wingless type MMTV integration site family of signaling proteins. Most frizzled receptors are coupled to the beta-catenin canonical signaling pathway. The function of this protein is unknown, although it may play a role in mammalian hair follicle development. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. This gene is a susceptibility locus for schizophrenia. [provided by RefSeq, Dec 2010]