

Product datasheet for **RC214518L3V**

VNN2 (NM_004665) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	VNN2 (NM_004665) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	VNN2
Synonyms:	FOAP-4; GPI-80
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_004665
ORF Size:	1560 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC214518).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_004665.2
RefSeq Size:	2034 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1563 bp
Locus ID:	8875
UniProt ID:	O95498
Cytogenetics:	6q23.2
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Transmembrane
MW:	58.52 kDa



[View online »](#)

Gene Summary:

This gene product is a member of the Vanin family of proteins that share extensive sequence similarity with each other, and also with biotinidase. The family includes secreted and membrane-associated proteins, a few of which have been reported to participate in hematopoietic cell trafficking. No biotinidase activity has been demonstrated for any of the vanin proteins, however, they possess pantetheinase activity, which may play a role in oxidative-stress response. The encoded protein is a GPI-anchored cell surface molecule that plays a role in transendothelial migration of neutrophils. This gene lies in close proximity to, and in same transcriptional orientation as two other vanin genes on chromosome 6q23-q24. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been described for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, May 2011]