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## Product datasheet for RC214453L3

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## HYAL2 (NM_003773) Human Tagged Lenti ORF Clone

## Product data:

## Product Type:

Product Name:

## Tag:

Symbol:
Synonyms:
Mammalian Cell
Selection:
Vector:
E. coli Selection:

ORF Nucleotide
Sequence:
Restriction Sites:
Cloning Scheme:

## Expression Plasmids

HYAL2 (NM_003773) Human Tagged Lenti ORF Clone
Myc-DDK
HYAL2
LUCA2
Puromycin
pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
Chloramphenicol ( $34 \mathrm{ug} / \mathrm{mL}$ )
The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC214453).

Sgfl-Mlul

Cloning sites used for ORF Shuttling:

GAT CTG GCA GCA AAT GAT ATC CTG GAT TAC AAG GAT GAC GAC GAT AAG GTT TGGGTAGGAAG


* The last codon before the Stop codon of the ORF.


## ACCN:

ORF Size:
NM_003773
1419 bp

OTI Disclaimer:

OTI Annotation:

Components:

Reconstitution Method:

RefSeq:
RefSeq Size:
RefSeq ORF:
Locus ID:
UniProt ID:
Cytogenetics:
Domains:
Protein Families:
Protein Pathways:
MW:
Gene Summary:

1. Centrifuge at $5,000 \mathrm{xg}$ for 5 min .
2. Carefully open the tube and add 100 ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.
3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.
4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000 xg ) to concentrate the liquid at the bottom.
5. Store the suspended plasmid at $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of shipping when stored at $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info

This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).

NM 003773.2
1848 bp
1422 bp
8692
Q12891
3p21.31
Glyco_hydro_56
Druggable Genome
Glycosaminoglycan degradation, Metabolic pathways

## 53.7 kDa

This gene encodes a weak acid-active hyaluronidase. The encoded protein is similar in structure to other more active hyaluronidases. Hyaluronidases degrade hyaluronan, one of the major glycosaminoglycans of the extracellular matrix. Hyaluronan and fragments of hyaluronan are thought to be involved in cell proliferation, migration and differentiation. Although it was previously thought to be a lysosomal hyaluronidase that is active at a pH below 4, the encoded protein is likely a GPI-anchored cell surface protein. This hyaluronidase serves as a receptor for the oncogenic virus Jaagsiekte sheep retrovirus. The gene is one of several related genes in a region of chromosome 3p21.3 associated with tumor suppression. This gene encodes two alternatively spliced transcript variants which differ only in the 5' UTR. [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2010]

## Product images:



