

## Product datasheet for RC214301L3V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## Eph receptor B1 (EPHB1) (NM 004441) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Lentiviral Particles

**Product Name:** Eph receptor B1 (EPHB1) (NM\_004441) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: Eph receptor B1

Synonyms: ELK; EPHT2; Hek6; NET

**Mammalian Cell** 

Selection:

Puromycin

**Vector:** pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

 Tag:
 Myc-DDK

 ACCN:
 NM\_004441

 ORF Size:
 2952 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

Sequence:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC214301).

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through

naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**RefSeg:** NM 004441.3

 RefSeq Size:
 4536 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 2955 bp

 Locus ID:
 2047

 UniProt ID:
 P54762

 Cytogenetics:
 3q22.2

**Domains:** pkinase, EPH\_lbd, TyrKc, SAM, S\_TKc, FN3

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome, Protein Kinase, Transmembrane





## Eph receptor B1 (EPHB1) (NM\_004441) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle – RC214301L3V

**Protein Pathways:** Axon guidance

MW: 109.9 kDa

**Gene Summary:** Ephrin receptors and their ligands, the ephrins, mediate numerous developmental processes,

particularly in the nervous system. Based on their structures and sequence relationships, ephrins are divided into the ephrin-A (EFNA) class, which are anchored to the membrane by a

glycosylphosphatidylinositol linkage, and the ephrin-B (EFNB) class, which are

transmembrane proteins. The Eph family of receptors are divided into 2 groups based on the similarity of their extracellular domain sequences and their affinities for binding ephrin-A and ephrin-B ligands. Ephrin receptors make up the largest subgroup of the receptor tyrosine kinase (RTK) family. The protein encoded by this gene is a receptor for ephrin-B family

members. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]