

Product datasheet for RC214183L4V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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CLCN3 (NM_173872) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: CLCN3 (NM_173872) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: CLCN3

Synonyms: CIC-3; CLC3

Mammalian Cell Puromycin

Selection:

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_173872 **ORF Size:** 2598 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC214183).

Sequence:
OTI Disclaimer:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 173872.2

 RefSeq Size:
 4058 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 2601 bp

 Locus ID:
 1182

 UniProt ID:
 P51790

 Cytogenetics:
 4q33

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Ion Channels: Other, Transmembrane

MW: 96.6 kDa







Gene Summary:

This gene encodes a member of the voltage-gated chloride channel (CIC) family. The encoded protein is present in all cell types and localized in plasma membranes and in intracellular vesicles. It is a multi-pass membrane protein which contains a CIC domain and two additional C-terminal CBS (cystathionine beta-synthase) domains. The CIC domain catalyzes the selective flow of CI- ions across cell membranes, and the CBS domain may have a regulatory function. This protein plays a role in both acidification and transmitter loading of GABAergic synaptic vesicles, and in smooth muscle cell activation and neointima formation. This protein is required for lysophosphatidic acid (LPA)-activated CI- current activity and fibroblast-to-myofibroblast differentiation. The protein activity is regulated by Ca(2+)/calmodulin-dependent protein kinase II (CaMKII) in glioma cells. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been identified. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2011]