

Product datasheet for RC214173L2V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

PAK5 (NM 177990) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: PAK5 (NM_177990) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: PAK7 Synonyms: **Mammalian Cell**

Selection:

None

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP (PS100071)

mGFP Tag:

NM 177990 ACCN: **ORF Size:** 2157 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC214173).

Sequence:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of OTI Disclaimer: reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through

naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: NM 177990.1

RefSeq Size: 4506 bp RefSeq ORF: 2160 bp Locus ID: 57144 **UniProt ID:** Q9P286 Cytogenetics: 20p12.2

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Protein Kinase





PAK5 (NM_177990) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle - RC214173L2V

Protein Pathways: Axon guidance, ErbB signaling pathway, Focal adhesion, Regulation of actin cytoskeleton,

Renal cell carcinoma, T cell receptor signaling pathway

MW: 80.6 kDa

Gene Summary: The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the PAK family of Ser/Thr protein kinases.

PAK family members are known to be effectors of Rac/Cdc42 GTPases, which have been implicated in the regulation of cytoskeletal dynamics, proliferation, and cell survival signaling. This kinase contains a CDC42/Rac1 interactive binding (CRIB) motif, and has been shown to bind CDC42 in the presence of GTP. This kinase is predominantly expressed in brain. It is capable of promoting neurite outgrowth, and thus may play a role in neurite development. This kinase is associated with microtubule networks and induces microtubule stabilization. The subcellular localization of this kinase is tightly regulated during cell cycle progression. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding the same protein have been described.

[provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]