

Product datasheet for RC214018L3V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

15 Lipoxygenase 2 (ALOX15B) (NM_001039130) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: 15 Lipoxygenase 2 (ALOX15B) (NM_001039130) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: 15 Lipoxygenase 2

Synonyms: 15-LOX-2

Mammalian Cell Puromycin

Selection:

Vector:

pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

Tag: Myc-DDK

ACCN: NM_001039130

ORF Size: 1941 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC214018).

OTI Disclaimer:

Sequence:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: NM 001039130.1, NP 001034219.1

RefSeq Size:2643 bpRefSeq ORF:1944 bp

Locus ID: 247

 UniProt ID:
 O15296

 Cytogenetics:
 17p13.1

Protein Families: Druggable Genome

Protein Pathways: Arachidonic acid metabolism, Metabolic pathways





15 Lipoxygenase 2 (ALOX15B) (NM_001039130) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle – RC214018L3V

MW: 72.3 kDa

Gene Summary:

This gene encodes a member of the lipoxygenase family of structurally related nonheme iron dioxygenases involved in the production of fatty acid hydroperoxides. The encoded protein converts arachidonic acid exclusively to 15S-hydroperoxyeicosatetraenoic acid, while metabolizing linoleic acid less effectively. This gene is located in a cluster of related genes and a pseudogene that spans approximately 100 kilobases on the short arm of chromosome 17. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been described. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]