

Product datasheet for **RC213903L3V**

ATP1A4 (NM_144699) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	ATP1A4 (NM_144699) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	ATP1A4
Synonyms:	ATP1A1; ATP1AL2
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_144699
ORF Size:	3087 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC213903).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_144699.3
RefSeq Size:	3912 bp
RefSeq ORF:	3090 bp
Locus ID:	480
UniProt ID:	Q13733
Cytogenetics:	1q23.2
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Transmembrane
Protein Pathways:	Cardiac muscle contraction



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MW: 114.2 kDa

Gene Summary: The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the family of P-type cation transport ATPases, and to the subfamily of Na⁺/K⁺ -ATPases. Na⁺/K⁺ -ATPase is an integral membrane protein responsible for establishing and maintaining the electrochemical gradients of Na and K ions across the plasma membrane. These gradients are essential for osmoregulation, for sodium-coupled transport of a variety of organic and inorganic molecules, and for electrical excitability of nerve and muscle. This enzyme is composed of two subunits, a large catalytic subunit (alpha) and a smaller glycoprotein subunit (beta). The catalytic subunit of Na⁺/K⁺ -ATPase is encoded by multiple genes. This gene encodes an alpha 4 subunit. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been identified. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]