

Product datasheet for **RC213878L1V**

JAK1 (NM_002227) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	JAK1 (NM_002227) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	JAK1
Synonyms:	AIIDE; JAK1A; JAK1B; JTK3
Mammalian Cell Selection:	None
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_002227
ORF Size:	3462 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC213878).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_002227.2
RefSeq Size:	5053 bp
RefSeq ORF:	3465 bp
Locus ID:	3716
UniProt ID:	P23458
Cytogenetics:	1p31.3
Domains:	ptkase, SH2
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Protein Kinase



[View online »](#)

Protein Pathways: Jak-STAT signaling pathway, Pancreatic cancer, Pathways in cancer

MW: 133.3 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene encodes a membrane protein that is a member of a class of protein-tyrosine kinases (PTK) characterized by the presence of a second phosphotransferase-related domain immediately N-terminal to the PTK domain. The encoded kinase phosphorylates STAT proteins (signal transducers and activators of transcription) and plays a key role in interferon-alpha/beta, interferon-gamma, and cytokine signal transduction. This gene plays a crucial role in effecting the expression of genes that mediate inflammation, epithelial remodeling, and metastatic cancer progression. This gene is a key component of the interleukin-6 (IL-6)/JAK1/STAT3 immune and inflammation response and is a therapeutic target for alleviating cytokine storms. The kinase activity of this gene is directly inhibited by the suppressor of cytokine signalling 1 (SOCS1) protein. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2020]