

Product datasheet for RC213831L4V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

PAK1 (NM_002576) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: PAK1 (NM 002576) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: PAK1

Synonyms: alpha-PAK; IDDMSSD; p65-PAK; PAKalpha

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_002576 **ORF Size:** 1019 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC213831).

Sequence:
OTI Disclaimer:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 002576.3

RefSeq Size: 3264 bp
RefSeq ORF: 1638 bp
Locus ID: 5058
UniProt ID: Q13153

Cytogenetics: 11q13.5-q14.1

Domains: PBD, pkinase, TyrKc, S_TKc

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Protein Kinase, Stem cell - Pluripotency



PAK1 (NM_002576) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle - RC213831L4V

Protein Pathways: Axon guidance, Chemokine signaling pathway, Epithelial cell signaling in Helicobacter pylori

infection, ErbB signaling pathway, Fc gamma R-mediated phagocytosis, Focal adhesion, MAPK signaling pathway, Natural killer cell mediated cytotoxicity, Regulation of actin cytoskeleton,

Renal cell carcinoma, T cell receptor signaling pathway

MW: 34.58 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene encodes a family member of serine/threonine p21-activating kinases, known as PAK

proteins. These proteins are critical effectors that link RhoGTPases to cytoskeleton reorganization and nuclear signaling, and they serve as targets for the small GTP binding proteins Cdc42 and Rac. This specific family member regulates cell motility and morphology. Mutations in this gene have been associated with macrocephaly, seizures, and speech delay. Overexpression of this gene is also reported in many cancer types, and particularly in breast cancer. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Aug

2020]