

Product datasheet for RC213548L2V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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MGAT5 (NM_002410) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: MGAT5 (NM_002410) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: MGAT5

Synonyms: glcNAc-T V; GNT-V; GNT-VA; MGAT5A

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

None

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP (PS100071)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_002410 **ORF Size:** 2223 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC213548).

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This

naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 002410.2

 RefSeq Size:
 5078 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 2226 bp

 Locus ID:
 4249

 UniProt ID:
 Q09328

Cytogenetics: 2q21.2-q21.3

Protein Families: Transmembrane

Protein Pathways: Metabolic pathways, N-Glycan biosynthesis





ORIGENE

MW: 84.4 kDa

Gene Summary: The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the glycosyltransferase family. It catalyzes the

addition of beta-1,6-N-acetylglucosamine to the alpha-linked mannose of biantennary N-linked oligosaccharides present on the newly synthesized glycoproteins. It is one of the most important enzymes involved in the regulation of the biosynthesis of glycoprotein oligosaccharides. Alterations of the oligosaccharides on cell surface glycoproteins cause significant changes in the adhesive or migratory behavior of a cell. Increase in the activity of this enzyme has been correlated with the progression of invasive malignancies. [provided by

RefSeq, Oct 2011]