

Product datasheet for RC213409L1V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

CTSA (NM_000308) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: CTSA (NM 000308) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: CTSA

Synonyms: GLB2; GSL; NGBE; PPCA; PPGB

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

None

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)

Tag: Myc-DDK
ACCN: NM 000308

ORF Size: 1491 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC213409).

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: NM 000308.2, NP 000299.2

 RefSeq Size:
 2254 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1443 bp

 Locus ID:
 5476

 UniProt ID:
 P10619

 Cytogenetics:
 20q13.12

Domains: serine_carbpept

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Protease





CTSA (NM_000308) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle - RC213409L1V

Protein Pathways: Renin-angiotensin system

MW: 56.12 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene encodes a member of the peptidase S10 family of serine carboxypeptidases.

Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants, at least one of which encodes a preproprotein that is proteolytically processed to generate two chains that comprise the

heterodimeric active enzyme. This enzyme possesses deamidase, esterase and

carboxypeptidase activities and acts as a scaffold in the lysosomal multienzyme complex. Mutations in this gene are associated with galactosialidosis. [provided by RefSeq, Nov 2015]