

Product datasheet for RC213206L2V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Eph receptor A5 (EPHA5) (NM 004439) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: Eph receptor A5 (EPHA5) (NM_004439) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: EPHA5

Synonyms: CEK7; EHK-1; EHK1; EK7; HEK7; TYRO4

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

None

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP (PS100071)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_004439 **ORF Size:** 3111 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC213206).

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through

naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 004439.4, NP 004430.3

 RefSeq Size:
 3349 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 3114 bp

 Locus ID:
 2044

 UniProt ID:
 P54756

Cytogenetics: 4q13.1-q13.2

Domains: pkinase, EPH_lbd, TyrKc, SAM, S_TKc, FN3

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Protein Kinase, Transmembrane





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Protein Pathways: Axon guidance

MW: 114.78 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene belongs to the ephrin receptor subfamily of the protein-tyrosine kinase family. EPH

and EPH-related receptors have been implicated in mediating developmental events, particularly in the nervous system. Receptors in the EPH subfamily typically have a single kinase domain and an extracellular region containing a Cys-rich domain and 2 fibronectin type III repeats. The ephrin receptors are divided into 2 groups based on the similarity of their extracellular domain sequences and their affinities for binding ephrin-A and ephrin-B ligands. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been described.

[provided by RefSeq, Aug 2013]