

Product datasheet for RC213126L3V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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PTPRN2 (NM_130842) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: PTPRN2 (NM 130842) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: PTPRN2

Synonyms: IA-2beta; IAR; ICAAR; PTPRP; R-PTP-N2

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

Tag: Myc-DDK
ACCN: NM 130842

ORF Size: 2994 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The

OTI Disclaimer:

Cytogenetics:

Sequence:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC213126).

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through

naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 130842.1, NP 570857.1

 RefSeq Size:
 4716 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 2997 bp

 Locus ID:
 5799

 UniProt ID:
 Q92932

Domains: Y_phosphatase, PTPc_motif

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Phosphatase

7q36.3





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Protein Pathways: Type I diabetes mellitus

MW: 109.4 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene encodes a protein with sequence similarity to receptor-like protein tyrosine

phosphatases. However, tyrosine phosphatase activity has not been experimentally validated for this protein. Studies of the rat ortholog suggest that the encoded protein may instead function as a phosphatidylinositol phosphatase with the ability to dephosphorylate phosphatidylinositol 3-phosphate and phosphatidylinositol 4,5-diphosphate, and this function may be involved in the regulation of insulin secretion. This protein has been identified as an autoantigen in insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus. Alternative splicing

results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Feb 2015]