

Product datasheet for RC213056L3V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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Factor XI (F11) (NM_000128) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: Factor XI (F11) (NM_000128) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: Factor XI
Synonyms: FXI; PTA

Mammalian Cell

Puromycin

Selection:

Vector:

pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

 Tag:
 Myc-DDK

 ACCN:
 NM_000128

 ORF Size:
 1875 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC213056).

Sequence:

OTI Disclaimer: The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeg: NM 000128.2

 RefSeq Size:
 2217 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 1878 bp

 Locus ID:
 2160

 UniProt ID:
 P03951

 Cytogenetics:
 4q35.2

Domains: APPLE, Tryp_SPc, PAN

Protein Families: Druggable Genome, Protease, Secreted Protein





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Protein Pathways: Complement and coagulation cascades

MW: 69.9 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene encodes coagulation factor XI of the blood coagulation cascade. This protein is

present in plasma as a zymogen, which is a unique plasma coagulation enzyme because it exists as a homodimer consisting of two identical polypeptide chains linked by disulfide bonds. During activation of the plasma factor XI, an internal peptide bond is cleaved by factor XIIa (or XII) in each of the two chains, resulting in activated factor XIa, a serine protease composed of two heavy and two light chains held together by disulfide bonds. This activated

plasma factor XI triggers the middle phase of the intrisic pathway of blood coagulation by activating factor IX. Defects in this factor lead to Rosenthal syndrome, a blood coagulation

abnormality. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]