

Product datasheet for RC213036L3V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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TAF6 (NM 005641) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: TAF6 (NM_005641) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol:

ALYUS; MGC:8964; TAF(II)70; TAF(II)80; TAF2E; TAFII-70; TAFII-80; TAFII70; TAFII85 Synonyms:

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)

Tag: Myc-DDK NM 005641 ACCN: **ORF Size:** 2031 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC213036).

OTI Disclaimer:

Sequence:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: NM 005641.3

RefSeq Size: 2787 bp RefSeq ORF: 2034 bp Locus ID: 6878 **UniProt ID:** P49848 Cytogenetics: 7q22.1

Domains: TAF

Protein Families: Transcription Factors





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Protein Pathways: Basal transcription factors

MW: 72.7 kDa

Gene Summary: Initiation of transcription by RNA polymerase II requires the activities of more than 70

polypeptides. The protein that coordinates these activities is transcription factor IID (TFIID), which binds to the core promoter to position the polymerase properly, serves as the scaffold for assembly of the remainder of the transcription complex, and acts as a channel for regulatory signals. TFIID is composed of the TATA-binding protein (TBP) and a group of evolutionarily conserved proteins known as TBP-associated factors or TAFs. TAFs may participate in basal transcription, serve as coactivators, function in promoter recognition or

modify general transcription factors (GTFs) to facilitate complex assembly and transcription

initiation. This gene encodes one of the smaller subunits of TFIID that binds weakly to TBP but strongly to TAF1, the largest subunit of TFIID. Alternative splicing results in multiple

transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Jun 2010]