

Product datasheet for RC213036L3

TAF6 (NM_005641) Human Tagged Lenti ORF Clone

Product data:

Product Type:	Expression Plasmids
Product Name:	TAF6 (NM_005641) Human Tagged Lenti ORF Clone
Tag:	Myc-DDK
Symbol:	TAF6
Synonyms:	ALYUS; MGC:8964; TAF(II)70; TAF(II)80; TAF2E; TAFII-70; TAFII-80; TAFII70; TAFII80; TAFII85
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
E. coli Selection:	Chloramphenicol (34 ug/mL)
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC213036).
Restriction Sites:	SgfI-MluI
Cloning Scheme:	

Cloning sites used for ORF Shuttling:



* The last codon before the Stop codon of the ORF.



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Locus ID:	6878
UniProt ID:	P49848
Cytogenetics:	7q22.1
Domains:	TAF
Protein Families:	Transcription Factors
Protein Pathways:	Basal transcription factors
MW:	72.7 kDa

Gene Summary: Initiation of transcription by RNA polymerase II requires the activities of more than 70 polypeptides. The protein that coordinates these activities is transcription factor IID (TFIID), which binds to the core promoter to position the polymerase properly, serves as the scaffold for assembly of the remainder of the transcription complex, and acts as a channel for regulatory signals. TFIID is composed of the TATA-binding protein (TBP) and a group of evolutionarily conserved proteins known as TBP-associated factors or TAFs. TAFs may participate in basal transcription, serve as coactivators, function in promoter recognition or modify general transcription factors (GTFs) to facilitate complex assembly and transcription initiation. This gene encodes one of the smaller subunits of TFIID that binds weakly to TBP but strongly to TAF1, the largest subunit of TFIID. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Jun 2010]