

Product datasheet for **RC212996L3V**

IKK gamma (IKBKG) (NM_001099856) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	IKK gamma (IKBKG) (NM_001099856) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	IKK gamma
Synonyms:	AMCBX1; EDAID1; FIP-3; FIP3; Fip3p; IKK-gamma; IKKAP1; IKKG; IMD33; IP; IP1; IP2; IPD2; NEMO; ZC2HC9
Mammalian Cell Selection:	Puromycin
Vector:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK-P2A-Puro (PS100092)
Tag:	Myc-DDK
ACCN:	NM_001099856
ORF Size:	1257 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC212996).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_001099856.1 , NP_001093326.1
RefSeq Size:	2073 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1464 bp
Locus ID:	8517
UniProt ID:	Q9Y6K9
Cytogenetics:	Xq28
Protein Families:	Druggable Genome, Transcription Factors



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Protein Pathways: Acute myeloid leukemia, Adipocytokine signaling pathway, Apoptosis, B cell receptor signaling pathway, Chemokine signaling pathway, Chronic myeloid leukemia, Cytosolic DNA-sensing pathway, Epithelial cell signaling in Helicobacter pylori infection, MAPK signaling pathway, NOD-like receptor signaling pathway, Pancreatic cancer, Pathways in cancer, Primary immunodeficiency, Prostate cancer, RIG-I-like receptor signaling pathway, Small cell lung cancer, T cell receptor signaling pathway, Toll-like receptor signaling pathway

MW: 48 kDa

Gene Summary: This gene encodes the regulatory subunit of the inhibitor of kappaB kinase (IKK) complex, which activates NF-kappaB resulting in activation of genes involved in inflammation, immunity, cell survival, and other pathways. Mutations in this gene result in incontinentia pigmenti, hypohidrotic ectodermal dysplasia, and several other types of immunodeficiencies. A pseudogene highly similar to this locus is located in an adjacent region of the X chromosome. [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2016]