

## Product datasheet for RC212646L1V

## OriGene Technologies, Inc.

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## Nicastrin (NCSTN) (NM 015331) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: Nicastrin (NCSTN) (NM 015331) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: Nicastrin
Synonyms: ATAG1874

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

None

**Vector:** pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)

 Tag:
 Myc-DDK

 ACCN:
 NM\_015331

 ORF Size:
 2127 bp

**ORF Nucleotide** 

OTI Disclaimer:

Sequence:

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC212646).

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through

naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**RefSeg:** NM 015331.2

 RefSeq Size:
 2944 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 2130 bp

 Locus ID:
 23385

 UniProt ID:
 Q92542

 Cytogenetics:
 1q23.2

**Protein Families:** Druggable Genome, Transmembrane

**Protein Pathways:** Alzheimer's disease, Notch signaling pathway





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**MW:** 78.41 kDa

**Gene Summary:** 

This gene encodes a type I transmembrane glycoprotein that is an integral component of the multimeric gamma-secretase complex. The encoded protein cleaves integral membrane proteins, including Notch receptors and beta-amyloid precursor protein, and may be a stabilizing cofactor required for gamma-secretase complex assembly. The cleavage of beta-amyloid precursor protein yields amyloid beta peptide, the main component of the neuritic plaque and the hallmark lesion in the brains of patients with Alzheimer's disease; however, the nature of the encoded protein's role in Alzheimer's disease is not known for certain. Mutations in this gene are associated with familial acne inversa. A pseudogene of this gene is present on chromosome 21. Alternatively spliced transcript variants of this gene have been described, but the full-length nature of some of these variants has not been determined. [provided by RefSeq, Feb 2014]