

Product datasheet for RC212491L4V

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436 https://www.origene.com techsupport@origene.com EU: info-de@origene.com CN: techsupport@origene.cn

CCL3L3 (NM_001001437) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type: Lentiviral Particles

Product Name: CCL3L3 (NM_001001437) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Symbol: CCL3L3

Synonyms: 464.2; D17S1718; G0S19-2; LD78; LD78BETA; SCYA3L; SCYA3L1

Mammalian Cell

Selection:

Puromycin

Vector: pLenti-C-mGFP-P2A-Puro (PS100093)

Tag: mGFP

ACCN: NM_001001437

ORF Size: 279 bp

ORF Nucleotide

The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC212491).

Sequence:
OTI Disclaimer:

The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

OTI Annotation: This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

RefSeq: NM 001001437.3

 RefSeq Size:
 780 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 282 bp

 Locus ID:
 414062

 UniProt ID:
 P16619

 Cytogenetics:
 17q12

Protein Families: Druggable Genome

Protein Pathways: Chemokine signaling pathway, Cytokine-cytokine receptor interaction





ORIGENE

MW: 10.2 kDa

Gene Summary:

This gene is one of several cytokine genes that are clustered on the q-arm of chromosome 17. Cytokines are a family of secreted proteins that function in inflammatory and immunoregulatory processes. The protein encoded by this gene binds to several chemokine receptors, including chemokine binding protein 2 and chemokine (C-C motif) receptor 5 (CCR5). CCR5 is a co-receptor for HIV, and binding of this protein to CCR5 inhibits HIV entry. The copy number of this gene varies among individuals, where most individuals have one to six copies, and a minority of individuals have zero or more than six copies. There are conflicting reports about copy number variation of this gene and its correlation to disease susceptibility.[provided by RefSeq, Apr 2014]