

# **Product datasheet for RC212212L1**

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## KIR2DS5 (NM\_014513) Human Tagged Lenti ORF Clone

**Product data:** 

**Product Type:** Expression Plasmids

Product Name: KIR2DS5 (NM\_014513) Human Tagged Lenti ORF Clone

Tag: Myc-DDK
Symbol: KIR2DS5

Synonyms: CD158G; NKAT9

Mammalian Cell None

Selection:

Vector:pLenti-C-Myc-DDK (PS100064)E. coli Selection:Chloramphenicol (34 ug/mL)

ORF Nucleotide The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC212212).

Sequence:

**Restriction Sites:** Sgfl-Mlul

**Cloning Scheme:** 





<sup>\*</sup> The last codon before the Stop codon of the ORF.

**ACCN:** NM\_014513

ORF Size: 912 bp





### KIR2DS5 (NM\_014513) Human Tagged Lenti ORF Clone - RC212212L1

**OTI Disclaimer:** The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of

reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing

variants is recommended prior to use. More info

**OTI Annotation:** This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression

varies depending on the nature of the gene.

**Components:** The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified and shipped in a 2D barcoded Matrix tube

containing 10ug of transfection-ready, dried plasmid DNA (reconstitute with 100 ul of water).

**Reconstitution Method:** 1. Centrifuge at 5,000xg for 5min.

2. Carefully open the tube and add 100ul of sterile water to dissolve the DNA.

3. Close the tube and incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature.

4. Briefly vortex the tube and then do a quick spin (less than 5000xg) to concentrate the liquid

at the bottom.

Transmembrane

5. Store the suspended plasmid at -20°C. The DNA is stable for at least one year from date of

shipping when stored at -20°C.

RefSeq: <u>NM 014513.1</u>, <u>NP 055328.1</u>

 RefSeq Size:
 1457 bp

 RefSeq ORF:
 915 bp

 Locus ID:
 3810

 UniProt ID:
 Q14953

Cytogenetics: 19q13.4

**Protein Families:** 

**Protein Pathways:** Antigen processing and presentation, Natural killer cell mediated cytotoxicity

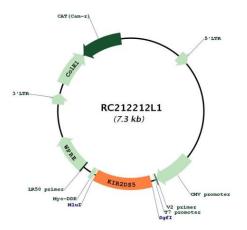
**MW:** 33.5 kDa

Gene Summary: Killer cell immunoglobulin-like receptors (KIRs) are transmembrane glycoproteins expressed

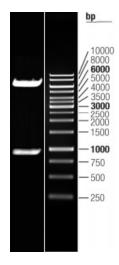
by natural killer cells and subsets of T cells. The KIR genes are polymorphic and highly homologous and they are found in a cluster on chromosome 19q13.4 within the 1 Mb leukocyte receptor complex (LRC). The gene content of the KIR gene cluster varies among haplotypes, although several "framework" genes are found in all haplotypes (KIR3DL3, KIR3DP1, KIR3DL4, KIR3DL2). The KIR proteins are classified by the number of extracellular immunoglobulin domains (2D or 3D) and by whether they have a long (L) or short (S) cytoplasmic domain. KIR proteins with the long cytoplasmic domain transduce inhibitory signals upon ligand binding via an immune tyrosine-based inhibitory motif (ITIM), while KIR proteins with the short cytoplasmic domain lack the ITIM motif and instead associate with the TYRO protein tyrosine kinase binding protein to transduce activating signals. The ligands for several KIR proteins are subsets of HLA class I molecules; thus, KIR proteins are thought to play an important role in regulation of the immune response. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]



# **Product images:**



Circular map for RC212212L1



Double digestion of RC212212L1 using Sgfl and Mlul  $\,$