

Product datasheet for **RC212120L2V**

HLAF (HLA-F) (NM_001098479) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle

Product data:

Product Type:	Lentiviral Particles
Product Name:	HLAF (HLA-F) (NM_001098479) Human Tagged ORF Clone Lentiviral Particle
Symbol:	HLAF
Synonyms:	CDA12; HLA-5.4; HLA-CDA12; HLAF
Mammalian Cell Selection:	None
Vector:	pLenti-C-mGFP (PS100071)
Tag:	mGFP
ACCN:	NM_001098479
ORF Size:	1326 bp
ORF Nucleotide Sequence:	The ORF insert of this clone is exactly the same as(RC212120).
OTI Disclaimer:	The molecular sequence of this clone aligns with the gene accession number as a point of reference only. However, individual transcript sequences of the same gene can differ through naturally occurring variations (e.g. polymorphisms), each with its own valid existence. This clone is substantially in agreement with the reference, but a complete review of all prevailing variants is recommended prior to use. More info
OTI Annotation:	This clone was engineered to express the complete ORF with an expression tag. Expression varies depending on the nature of the gene.
RefSeq:	NM_001098479.1
RefSeq Size:	1591 bp
RefSeq ORF:	1329 bp
Locus ID:	3134
UniProt ID:	P30511
Cytogenetics:	6p22.1
Protein Families:	Transmembrane



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Protein Pathways:	Allograft rejection, Antigen processing and presentation, Autoimmune thyroid disease, Cell adhesion molecules (CAMs), Endocytosis, Graft-versus-host disease, Type I diabetes mellitus, Viral myocarditis
MW:	50.44 kDa
Gene Summary:	This gene belongs to the HLA class I heavy chain paralogues. It encodes a non-classical heavy chain that forms a heterodimer with a beta-2 microglobulin light chain, with the heavy chain anchored in the membrane. Unlike most other HLA heavy chains, this molecule is localized in the endoplasmic reticulum and Golgi apparatus, with a small amount present at the cell surface in some cell types. It contains a divergent peptide-binding groove, and is thought to bind a restricted subset of peptides for immune presentation. This gene exhibits few polymorphisms. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. These variants lack a coding exon found in transcripts from other HLA paralogues due to an altered splice acceptor site, resulting in a shorter cytoplasmic domain. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]